# Colorimetry with a Smartphone

February 15, 11:15-12:00 Emily Rochette Jake Rowan Mick Moylan





# Links to the 2023 Study Design: Investigation Methodologies



Controlled experiment: An

experimental investigation of the relationship between an independent variable and a dependent variable, controlling all other variables as is realistic. This may also include setting up a set of 'controls.' For example, to plot a standard curve in colorimetry experiments.

#### Unit 2, Area of Study 2

How do chemical reactions shape the natural world?

How are chemicals measured and analyzed?

Quantitative analysis of salts: The application of colorimetry and/or UVvisible spectroscopy, including the use of a calibration curve to determine the concentration of ions or complexes in a water or soil sample Perhaps these aren't the only links to curriculum documents...



**Face-to-face:** We've prepared some solutions and materials for you to perform the experiment as you would with students.

#### **Online:**

- 1. If you've prepared the solutions and materials, we invite you to spend some time trialing the investigation.
- 2. You could work with some colleagues in the faceto-face group.
- 3. You could analyze some secondary data.



#### The Step-by-step Guide: Standard Solutions



- Food dye\*: 0%, 20%, 40%, 60%, 80%, 100%
- Copper sulfate: 0.0M, 0.1M, 0.2M, 0.3M, 0.4M, 0.5M

\* We'll continue with this example! But you could use CuSO<sub>4</sub> solutions!

#### Collecting and Recording Data r: 34, g: 234, b:33 **Intensity of Green Concentration (%)** Absorbance **Light Transmitted** Color Ge 0 242 240 20 40 236 60 233 READ 80 232 Unknown 238

## Analyzing the Data

Concentration (%)	Intensity of Green Light Transmitted	Absorbance
0	242	0.000
20	240	0.004
40	236	0.011
60	233	0.016
80	232	0.018
Unknown	238	0.013



$$A = -\log \frac{I}{I_0} \xrightarrow{\text{Intensity of the sample}}$$
Intensity of the blank (0%)

## Secondary Data

Concentration (%)	Intensity of Green Light Transmitted	Absorbance
0	192	
20	186	
40	180	
60	175	
80	166	
Unknown	177	

$$A = -\log \frac{I}{I_0} \xrightarrow{} \text{Intensity of the sample}$$
Intensity of the blank (0%)